How did death spread to all men?

 Δ ιὰ τοῦς **ground**,

This section the previous

ద్రπερ hosper just as, this introduces a comparison and contrast between the first Adam and the Second Adam, this comparison is found in vv 12, 18, 19, 21.

the epistle, 1:18-5:21.

AND IN THIS MANNER DEATH SPREAD TO ALL MEN BECAUSE ALL SINNED [in Adam positionally]

Sin
Death
Death
Sin



διά, dia with a gen indicates means, through the means of one man

ἄνθρωπος ánthrōpos; generic term for human being. From the context this is Adam even though he is not named until v. 14

and son

ເກe epistie, 1.18–5:21.

εἰσέρχομαι eisérchomai; aor act ind (deponent), 3s; "to go into, to enter." This depicts sin entering through the front door; i.e., one single entry point.

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διέρχομαι diérchomai; aor act ind (dep), 3s; "to come through, pass through"

ἀμαρτάνω *hamartánō*; aor act ind 3p "to sin, miss the mark"

... and thus death spread to all men, because all sinned –

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καὶ οὕτως kai houtos,

and in this manner [to follow] death spread to all men, because all sinned.

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ἐφ' ὧ Epi o

Two views on how transmission occurred:

Seminalism: The entire human race, body and soul, was genetically present in Adam. Thus God considered every human being to be physically participating in Adam's original sin, and thus receiving the same penalty. This view is usually connected to a Traducianist view of the transmission of the soul.

Federalism: The view that Adam stood as the head and representative of the human race, Adam's decisions were on behalf of all humanity. God viewed Adam's sin as the act of all people through representation, and thus Adam's penalty is judicially imputed to all mankind. This view is most consistently linked to the Creationist view of the origin and transmission of the soul.

			guilt or culpability.	
Federal View	Sin is imputed to humanity because of Adam's sin.	Adam alone sinned but human race affected	Depravity is total; sin and guilt are imputed.	Presbyterians, others holding to Covenant theology
Augustin ian View	Sin is imputed to humanity because of Adam's sin.	Humanity sinned in Adam.	Depravity is total; sin and guilt are imputed.	Reformers, later Calvinists

Pelagian View	People incur death when they sin after Adam's example.	Sin affected Adam alone.	No one affected by Adam's sin.	R. C. have a semi-Pelagian view
Arminian View	All people consent to	Adam sinned	Depravity is not total; people	Methodists, Wesleyans,

received

corrupt

guilt or

nature from

culpability.

Adam but not

and

partially

affected

humanity

Adam's

imputed

sin is

sin—then

Pentecostals,

holiness

groups

Four Questions:

What is sin?

What is the penalty for sin?

What is the sin nature's relationship to the corporeal human body?

And how is this passed on?

Through one man sin entered the world and THE death through sin

What Kind of Death is This?

Eph 2:1, "And you He made alive, who were dead in trespasses and sins,

Eph 2:2, "in which you once walked according to the course of this world, according to the prince of the power of the air, the spirit who now works in the sons of disobedience,"